Today's Standards

Unification and Imperialism 1850-1914

W.14 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of the causes of 19th century European imperialism, the role of Social Darwinism, the desire for increased political power, and the search for natural resources and new markets as prelude to the Berlin Conference. (C, E, G, H, P)

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Imperialism?

What does the term Imperialism mean?

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=NI1k5EKi-

Video Time

aoh4w

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- <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=alJaltU</u>
 <u>mrGo</u>
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=t_rHrG

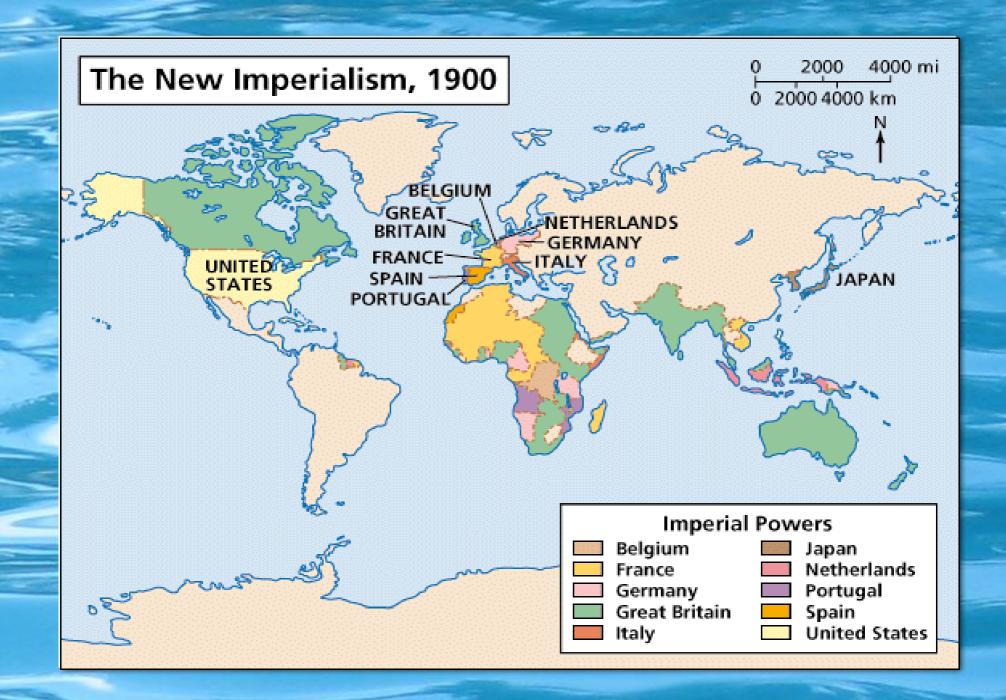
Imperialism

[im-peer-ee-uh-liz-uh m] noun

- 1. the policy of extending the rule or authority of an empire or nation over foreign countries, or of acquiring and holding colonies and dependencies.
- 2. advocacy of imperial or sovereign interests over the interests of the dependent states.
- 3. imperial government; rule by an emperor or empress.
- 4. an imperial system of government.
- 5. British. the policy of so uniting the separate parts of an empire with separate governments as to secure for certain purposes a single state.

Imperialism Grew Because Of...

- * Raw Materials
- * Manufactured Goods
- * "White Man's Burden"
- * Civilization
- * Democracy
- * Manifest Destiny
- * Military
- * Religion

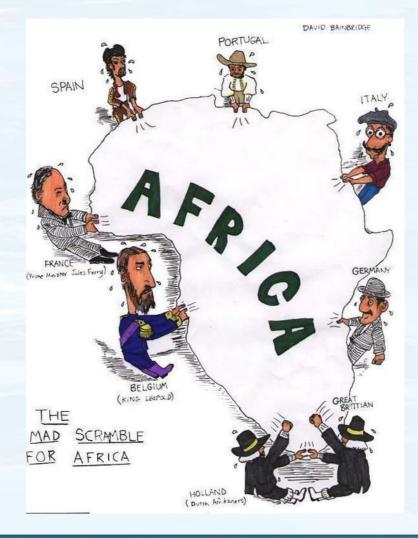


Raw Materials

Raw Materials caused imperialism because nations wanted to gain raw materials for their newly developed factories.



Raw Materials in 1900s



Colonies in Africa

European Colonization in 1913 AF. .0. Madeira (Port) Spanish Morocco 000 Mediterranean Sea Tuni Canary Island Algeria Libya Egypt French West Africa Sud an (part of the Anglo French British Nigeria Ethiopi Cameroor Femando Po (Sp.). Rio Muni Italian Somaliland Principé (Port.) Kenya São Tomé (Port.) Belgian Congo German nha (Br) East Africa (Tanzania) Cabinda -Zanzibar (Br.) Seychelles Comoro ATLANTIC IS. (Fr.) Angola OCEAN Northern German German Southwes Africa Walvis Bay Belgian IIII Italian British Inion of INDIAN 250 500 mi South Africa. French Basutoland OCEAN 250 500 km Spanish Independent

Source: Les Rowntree et al., Diversity Amid Globalization, Prentice Hall (adapted)

Why Africa?

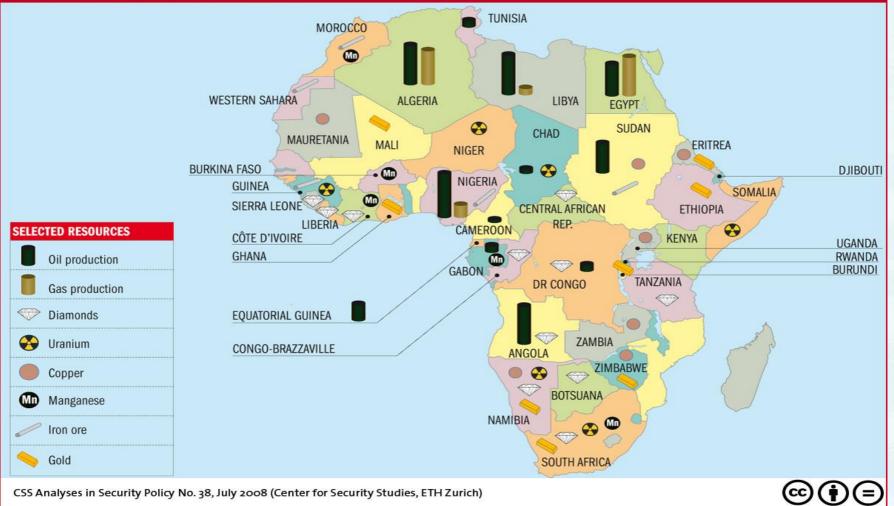
Africa was seen as a source of cheap raw materials.

And cheap labor...

And a place that was begging to be "civilized"

Africa Today





Resources in Africa 1900?

Tin	Rubber			
Coal	Cocoa			
Gold	Теа			
Iron	Silk			

Palm Oil Diamonds Copper Cotton

Manufactured Goods

COMPARISON OF 18 CHIEF EXPORTS (COVERING 59.4 PER CENT. OF OUR EXPORTS, 1870-79) DURING PERIODS 1870-79 AND 1890-99. + denotes increase, - decrease.

						Valua.	Quantity.	Priez.
	.894	ACC 24.14		0.6.0111		Per Cont.	Per Cont.	Per Cont
Beer and Ale	-					- 20	- 71	- 13
Coad		24	m\$		10	+100	+ 140	- 18
Cotton Yarn		14		1	- 33	- 32	+ 9	- 35
Cotton Goods		22		1	2	- 9	+ 36	- 33
Cotton Goods (printed and dyed)					+ i	+ 59	- 70	
Cotton Thread		1990		0.65	22	+ 90	+130	- 11
Fresh Herrings	1			10	4	+ 57	+ 98	- 14
Jute Goods						+ 58	+ 145	- 53
Linen Goods	2	22		-	1	- 42	- 17	~ 30
Linen Yarn	<u>1</u>					- 43	- 38	- 13
Iron (pig and pu	ddl	(be		3		- 29	same.	- 27
Iron (bar, angle			(b			- 56	- 39	- 29
Rails .	200	1000		1	- 21	- 51	- "8	- 48
Tin-plates .					0.1	+ 36	+ 150	- 48
Total Iron and J		1.	1.1.1		31	- 8	+ 20	
Copper .	19			640		+ 55	+ 130	- 38
Spirita .	10	*	10.6		32	+480	+ 183	+ 94
Woollen and W	brate	d Y	arn		- 21	- 51	+ 56	- 37
Woollen and W				1	1	- 20	- 36.	+ 14

New Markets

Manufactured Goods caused imperialism because nations wanted to gain markets to sell their goods.

Raw Materials left Africa, went to Europe, was made into a product in a factory, and then sent back to Africa to be sold.

"White Man's Burden"



THE WHITE MAN'S BURDEN.—*The Journal, Detroit.* From *The Detroit Journal*, February 18, 1899

A Burden We Must Carry

"White Man's Burden" caused imperialism because nations felt it was their duty to "civilize" the nations in Africa and Asia

Rudyard Kipling wrote a poem

http://historymatters.gmu.edu/d/5478/

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vm2zDwE C8DY

Social Darwinism

http://autocww.colorado.edu/~flc/E64Content Files/SociologyAndReform/SocialDarwinism .html

Civilization

Europe and the United States are 'Civilized' societies, with governments and laws. African's are viewed as 'uncivilized' and "The White Man's Burden" and "Social Darwinism" tells Europeans and Americans it is their obligation to rule in Africa because they are more fit to do so (Darwinism) and it is their duty (The Burden)

Tame the Savages

Civilization caused imperialism because nations believed they were more civilized than others.

Democracy

A civilized society needs to spread their political beliefs to others to ensure those people are of like mind and spirit. Democracy is the answer to the mind half of the equation.

If We Agree on Politics...

Democracy caused imperialism because nations hoped to spread their government ideals

Manifest Destiny

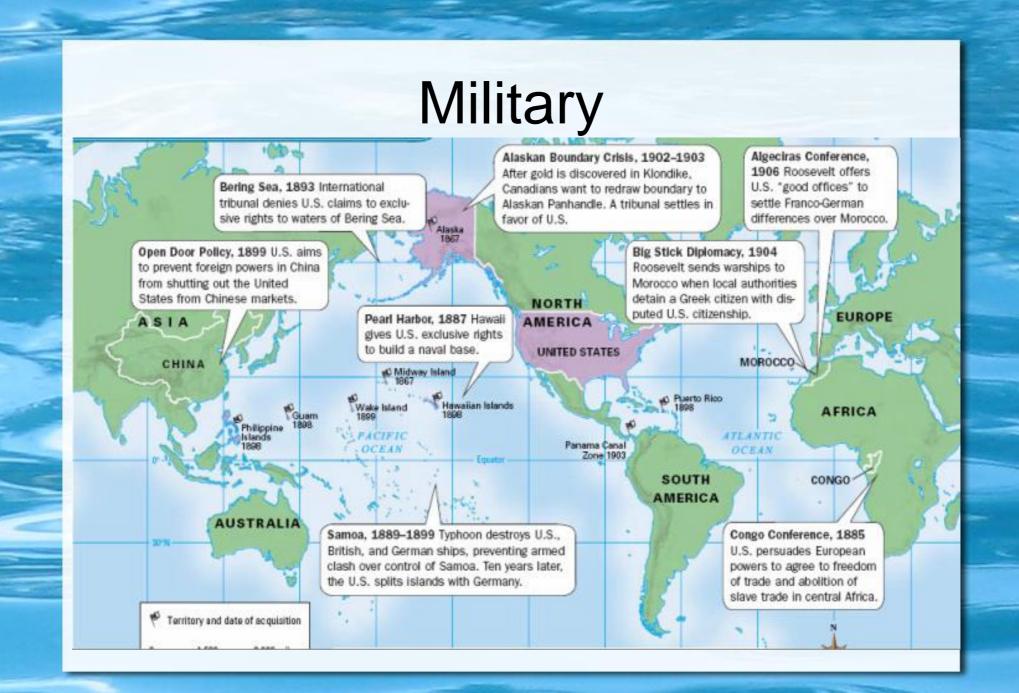


Go West Young Man!

http://www.history.com/topics/manifestdestiny

We are entitled to that land...

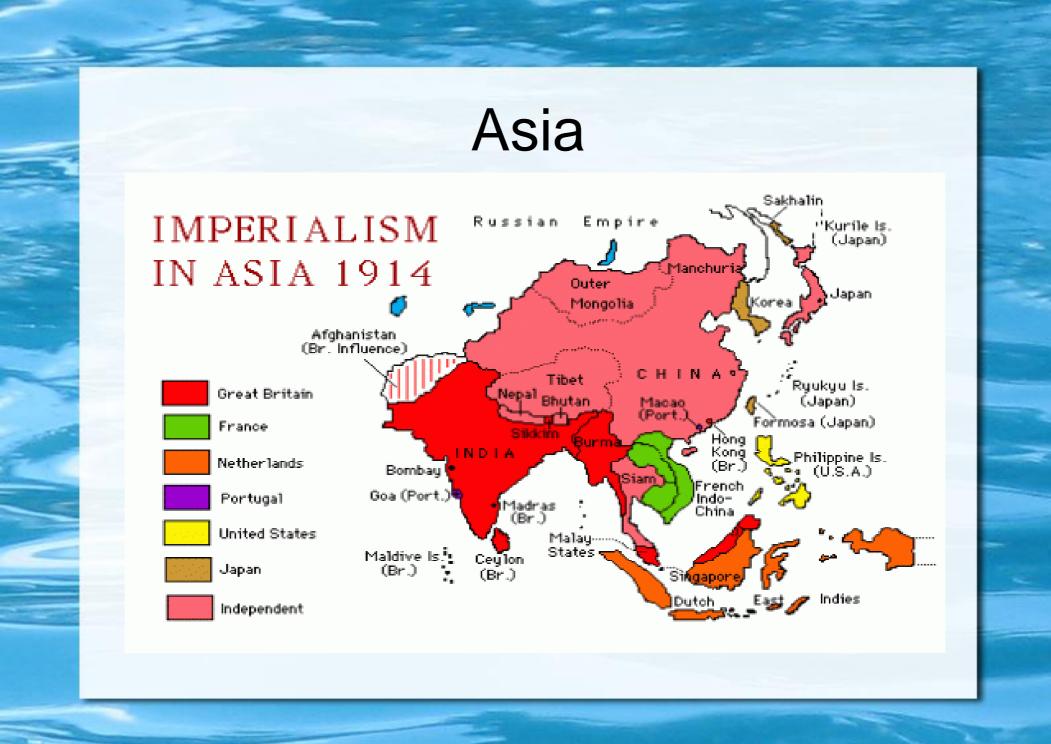
Manifest Destiny caused US imperialism because the spirit of pioneering was still alive.



Ports for their Navy and Trade

A navy was needed to protect merchant ships from pirates and other nations' navies. Ports were needed to the ships to land and refuel and get provisions.





The Causes of Imperialism

http://quizlet.com/4944564/causes-ofimperialism-imperialism-flash-cards/

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Berlin Conference (1884-1885)



14 Countries Met to Plan how to share Africa

http://geography.about.com/cs/politicalgeog/a/ berlinconferenc.htm

Who got What?

http://mappinghistory.uoregon.edu/english/AF /AF01-01.html

The Borders Made No Sense

http://www.africafederation.net/Natural_Borde rs.htm

Borders were arbitrary

http://www.africafederation.net/Natural_Borde rs.htm

Africa after Imperialism Decolonization in Africa

Tunisia 1956 Morocco 1956 🛨 Suez Crisis 1956 Algeria Egypt 1962 Libya Western 1922 with severe Sahara resprictions 1954 British withdraw troops Mali Mauritania Senegal 1960 Niger 1960 Eritrea Chad Sudan Burkina Gambia 1956 Djibouti Faso 1965 Guinea Nigeria 1960 Guinea-Bissau **Central African** Ethiopia 1974 Republic Sierra Leone Somalia 1961-1974 Cameroon 1961 Liberia Togo 1960 Ghana Rwanda, Uganda Kenya Congo 2< 1963 Côte d'Ivoire Congo (Zaire) Gabon 1952-1957 Tanzania Burundi 1. Equatorial Guinea 1968 Angola 2. São Tomé and Principe Malawi Zambia 1964 3. Benin 1960 desia Zimbabwe Madagascar Former Colonial Power Namibia lozambique British Italian Botswana 1990 French Portuguese 1966-1990 🐋 Spanish Independent State South Swaziland Belgian Former German colony, mandate of 1910-1961 Lesotho 1994 whole League of Nations after WWI 1966 population votes 1948-1994 ★ Anti-colonial revolt or war since 1945

Genocide

What is Genocide?

Genocide

Genocide [jen-uh-sahyd] noun the deliberate and systematic extermination of a national, racial, political, or cultural group.

Genocide during Imperialism

King Leopold II of Belgium

http://www.yale.edu/gsp/colonial/belgian_con go/

Genocide in Africa after Imperialism

Rwanda

http://www.historyplace.com/worldhistory/gen ocide/rwanda.htm

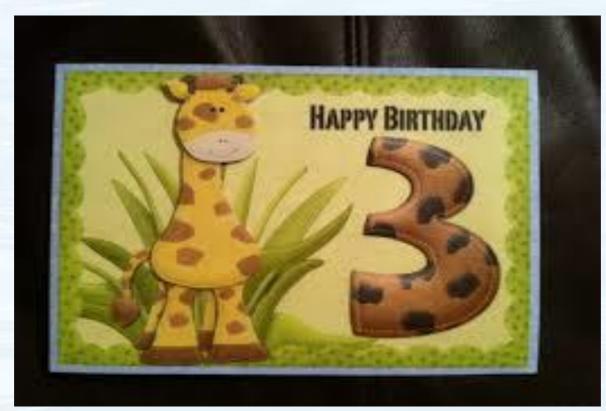
Sudan (Darfur)

http://www.bbc.com/news/world-africa-22336600

Sudan's Issue

http://www.insightonconflict.org/conflicts/suda

A Country's Birthday



http://www.state.gov/secretary/remarks/2014/ 07/228932.htm

Africa Today



South Sudan is our newest country

http://vimeo.com/26013558

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Group Work Time Project Time!

In groups of 2 or 3, make a list of changes the people of Africa experienced during the Age of Imperialism. Write a paragraph on how their lives were impacted by their new Imperial rulers. Write another paragraph on what *you* think is Imperialism's effect on Africa *today*. In conclusion, what should the invading countries have done differently?

We can do it well now, or we can make this homework?